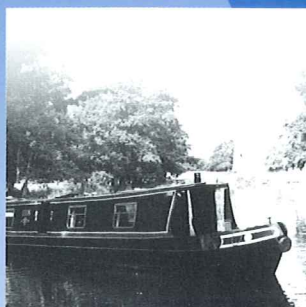
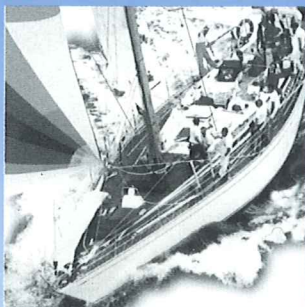




Marine Transmissions



owners handbook

PRM80

PRM750

PRM120

PRM1000

PRM150

PRM1500

PRM260

PRM1750

PRM500

Contents

Page

Warranty Statement & General Information	2
Installation Advice	3
Nominal Power Ratings	4
Service Classification	5
Oil Type	5
Oil Capacities and Pressures	6
Oil Level Checking	6
Oil Pump Mounting	7
Operation	8
Emergency Operation (not PRM80/120)	9
Routine Maintenance	10
Optional Equipment	11
Fault Finding Chart	12-13
Overseas Distributor Network	14-16
UK Distributor Network	16
Warranty Registration Card	Inside front cover
Maintenance Record	Inside rear cover



WARNING: THIS SYMBOL WARNS OF POSSIBLE PERSONAL INJURY.



CAUTION: THIS SYMBOL WARNS OF ANY POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO TRANSMISSION.

Newage Transmissions operate a policy of product improvement and therefore reserve the right to change specifications without prior notification. Whilst every effort is made to ensure complete accuracy of the information in this manual no liabilities for inaccuracies or the consequences thereof can be accepted by the manufacturer or the distributor/dealer who supplied the manual.

WARRANTY STATEMENT

Newage Transmissions Ltd warrants to Engine manufacturers and to Newage Transmissions Ltd distributors that all PRM Marine Gearboxes manufactured by Newage Transmissions Ltd will be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for the period as follows,

Twenty four months from date of despatch from Newage Transmissions Ltd.

It is essential that all PRM hydraulic and mechanical marine gearboxes are correctly installed, aligned and maintained.

This handbook contains important instructions to ensure this and it is of the utmost importance that these are carefully followed. Newage Transmissions Limited can accept no responsibility under warranty or otherwise for any loss or damage resulting from failure to observe these instructions.

To avoid prejudicing warranty rights, do not undertake any repair or other work on the gearbox during the warranty period without first contacting Newage Transmissions Limited or an authorised distributor or dealer for advice. In the event of failure, this should be done via the local Newage distributor/dealer or Newage Transmissions Limited direct.

This warranty does not apply to any gearbox or part that has been subject to misuse, negligence, damage, improper maintenance or use beyond rated capacity.

SERIAL NUMBER PLATE (Note it is important that this Serial Number is submitted with any warranty query)

On the top half of the gearcase of every Newage PRM gearbox is an identification plate with two lines of numbers. The top line is the gearbox serial number, whilst the lower line comprises the gearbox specification (model, ratio, etc.).

PRE-DELIVERY TEST

Before leaving the factory each gearbox is subject to a final test and inspection, which includes the following:

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 Flush clean | 7 Check operating temperature |
| 2 Check time to reach operating temperature | 8 Check operating oil pressure (Not PRM80/120) |
| 3 Pressurise case, check for leaks | 9 Check output nut torque |
| 4 Check noise level | 10 Check input spline dimensions |
| 5 Check drag in neutral | 11 Check bolt torques |
| 6 Check valve block operating force | 12 Check coupling concentricity |

NOTE: Throughout this owner's handbook, engine and propeller rotations are always described as seen looking forward from propeller to gearbox.

INTRODUCTION

Newage marine gearboxes are purpose designed and built for smooth, reliable and efficient operation. This handbook contains important information on the installation, operation and maintenance of your gearbox. **It is essential that all owners acquaint themselves thoroughly with their gearbox and follow carefully the instructions contained in this handbook.**

Important

In order to avoid possible danger to persons or property due to accidents arising from mis-use of the gearbox it is essential that the gearbox be used in conformity with the technical information provided by Newage Transmissions Limited and that the owner operator carefully follows the installation, operation and maintenance instructions provided to ensure that operation is as safe as possible. All working machinery must be regularly checked and inspected to ensure this.

INSTALLATION

Engine/Gearbox Drive

Drive is transmitted to the gearbox via a flexible input coupling mounted on the engine flywheel, into the centre of which the gearbox input shaft locates. **It is most vital that engine, gearbox and coupling are correctly aligned; if not, vibration, transmission noise and even failure may result.** For complete alignment instructions refer to the gearbox workshop manual.

Oil Cooler

All Newage gearboxes (except PRM80/120) **must** be fitted with an oil cooler to maintain correct working temperatures. Two $\frac{3}{8}$ in. BSP ($\frac{1}{4}$ in. BSP on PRM150, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. BSP on PRM1500) connections are provided on the valve block to allow a suitable cooler to be fitted; these are blanked off with "Redcap" plugs for delivery from the factory. The gearbox oil cooler is usually mounted on the gearbox adaptor flange or the bulkhead of the boat and then connected into the engine cooling system. Full instructions on cooler installation are provided in the workshop manual. See caution note reference cooler pressures page 7.

Propeller Shaft Alignment

Correct alignment of the propeller shaft coupling flange and the gearbox output flange is essential, since misalignment can cause excessive vibration and stress, leading to damage and possible oil seal and bearing failure.

Alignment should only be carried out with the boat afloat, the maximum permissible misalignment being 0.05mm; see workshop manual for instructions.

Installation Angle

The transmission should normally be installed so that the maximum fore and aft angle relative to the waterline does not exceed 17° (15° on PRM80/120/150) with the vessel at rest. If installation angles greater than this are required, please consult Newage Transmissions Limited for advice.

Twin Installations (Not PRM80/120)

For efficient operation, it is usually considered preferable for the starboard (right hand) propeller to rotate clockwise and the port (left hand) propeller to rotate anti-clockwise.

Remote Control Operating System

It is strongly recommended that Newage PRM gearboxes are used with a remote control operating system, **which should be connected strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.** Care must be taken to ensure that the cable moves the gearbox operating lever approximately 2mm short of its forward or backward travel, to prevent the lever being brought 'hard-up' against its end stop with every gear shift. This does not apply to PRM80/120 which **must** be adjusted against the stop in both directions. Failure to correctly adjust the shift lever may result in premature wear to the drivetrain. Newage PRM gearboxes are provided with a positive neutral position, which greatly assists in setting up the remote control operating system.

NOMINAL POWER RATINGS - PRM HYDRAULIC REVERSE/REDUCTION MARINE GEARBOXES

MODEL	SHAFT ARRANGE- MENT	RATIO Ahead/ Astern	Input rotation	Output rotation	MAXIMUM INPUT SPEED REV/MIN		NOMINAL POWER RATINGS per 100 rev/min					
					Con- tinuous	Inter- mittent	PLEASURE		LIGHT COMMERCIAL		HEAVY COMMERCIAL	
							kW	BHP	kW	BHP	kW	BHP
PRM80D <small>(note astern ratio)</small>	Offset	2:1	LH	RH	5000	-	0.84	1.12	0.55	0.74	-	-
	Offset 2.5:1	2.5:1	LH	RH	5000	-	0.73	0.98	0.48	0.65	-	-
PRM120D <small>(note astern ratio)</small>	Offset 2.5:1	2:1	LH	RH	5000	-	1.25	1.67	0.68	0.91	-	-
		2.5:1	LH	RH	5000	-	1.00	1.34	0.68	0.91	-	-
		3:1	LH	RH	5000	-	0.83	1.11	0.58	0.77	-	-
PRM150D	Offset	1.5:1/2:1/3:1	LH	LH/RH	4500	5000	1.6	2.1	1.1	1.5	-	-
PRM260D/C	Offset & In-Line	2:1/3:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	4000	4500	2.72	3.65	2.51	3.36	2.31	3.08
PRM500D	Offset	1.5:1/2:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	4000	4500	4.76	6.38	4.62	6.19	4.40	5.90
		2.5:1/3:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	4000	4500	4.62	6.19	4.40	5.90	4.40	5.90
PRM750A	8° Down Angle	1:1/1.5:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	4000	4500	7.17	9.62	5.68	7.62	5.39	7.23
		2:1/2.5:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	4000	4500	7.07	9.48	5.68	7.62	5.39	7.23
		3:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	4000	4500	5.96	8.00	5.60	7.51	5.24	7.02
PRM750D/C <small>4:1 In-Line Not Available</small>	Offset & In-Line	1:1/1.5:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	4000	4500	7.85	10.52	6.07	8.13	5.86	7.85
		2:1/2.5:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	4000	4500	7.07	9.48	5.86	7.85	5.55	7.43
		3:1/4:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	4000	4500	5.96	8.00	5.60	7.50	5.24	7.02
PRM1000D	Offset Only	1.5:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	3000	3500	10.47	14.04	7.75	10.39	7.33	9.82
		2:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	3000	3500	9.43	12.64	7.44	9.96	7.02	9.40
		3:1/4:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	3000	3500	8.58	11.50	7.44	9.96	7.02	9.40
PRM1000A	10° Down Angle only	1.5:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	3000	3500	9.66	12.95	7.10	9.52	6.67	8.95
		2:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	3000	3500	9.43	12.64	7.10	9.52	6.67	8.95
		3:1	LH/RH	LH/RH	3000	3500	8.58	11.50	7.10	9.52	6.67	8.95
PRM1500D	Offset Only	3.12/3.88/4.5:1	LH	LH/RH	2500	3000	15.70	21.06	14.65	19.65	13.63	18.28
		4.9:1	LH	LH/RH	2500	3000	13.63	18.28	12.58	16.87	11.53	15.46
PRM1500S	Offset Only	1.22/1.56/1.94:1	LH	LH/RH	2500	3000	15.70	21.06	14.65	19.65	13.63	18.28
		2.25/2.45:1	LH	LH/RH	2500	3000	14.12	18.93	13.07	17.52	11.76	15.77
		3:1	LH	LH/RH	2500	3000	14.12	18.93	13.07	17.52	11.76	15.77
PRM1750D	Offset Only	3.12/3.88/4.5:1	LH	LH/RH	2500	3000	18.33	24.58	17.04	22.85	15.76	21.13
		4.9:1	LH	LH/RH	2500	3000	16.76	22.48	15.58	20.89	14.41	19.32
PRM1750S	Offset Only	1.22/1.56/1.94:1	LH	LH/RH	2500	3000	18.33	24.58	17.04	22.85	15.76	21.13
		2.25/2.45:1 3:1	LH	LH/RH	2500	3000	18.33	24.58	17.04	22.85	15.76	21.13

Note: These powers are expressed in BHP and KW per 100 rev/min engine operating speed and are measured at the engine flywheel. Ratings have been established to ensure the long and trouble free life of the gearbox which should not therefore, be used at powers in excess of those shown. Newage Transmissions Limited accepts no liability, whether under warranty or otherwise, in respect of transmissions which have been used at ratings higher than those listed above.

SERVICE CLASSIFICATION DEFINITIONS

PLEASURE: limited to planing hull pleasure craft with a maximum of 500 hours operating time per year, of which not more than 5% should be at full engine throttle, with the balance of usage at 90% or less of full throttle. The use of PRM marine gearboxes according to this classification in any commercial boat, or in sport-fishing charter boats or long-range pleasure cruisers, is not approved.

LIGHT COMMERCIAL: planing or semi-displacement craft used in pleasure or commercial application may qualify for light commercial rating if annual usage is less than 1500 hours and full throttle operation is limited, with most operating time at partial throttle.

HEAVY COMMERCIAL: all displacement and semi-displacement craft used for commercial applications should be classed as heavy commercial duty. In this type of vessel (such as trawlers, purse seiners, lobster and crab boats, tugs, ferries, offshore supply boats etc.) the gearbox is expected to work at full governed engine speed. The power setting of the engine must be known and must be within the permitted heavy commercial rating of the gearbox.

IMPORTANT NOTE

- 1 It is essential that the engine, transmission model, reduction ratio and propeller size are correctly matched so that the engine can attain its rated speed appropriate to the relevant service classification without labouring.
- 2 It is also necessary to ensure the torsional compatibility of the complete propulsion system from engine through to propeller, since disregarding this may result in gear noise, particularly at low speed operation and may even result in damage to the engine as well as to transmission components.

Newage Transmissions Limited will provide all possible information and assistance to help find solutions to potential torsional problems, but it is the ultimate responsibility of the person assembling the drive and driven equipment to ensure that they are torsionally compatible.

TEMP.	TYPE OF OIL
Below Zero	10W30 or 20W. Engine Oil.
0°C to 30°C	10W30 or 15W40. Engine Oil.
Above 30°C	10W30 or 40W. Engine Oil.

It is essential that only **good quality** engine oil, supplied by a **recognised and well known manufacturer**, is used in Newage PRM Marine Transmissions. **Do not mix different brands, types or grades of oil.**

Failure to comply with the above oil types or to seek advice from Newage Transmissions Ltd. for approval for any type of oil not listed may result in forfeiture of warranty cover since no claims under warranty will be entertained if oil of the wrong type is used.

OIL CAPACITIES AND PRESSURES

Model	Approximate Oil Capacity		Operating Pressures			
	Litres	Pints	Minimum kPa	Minimum lb/in ²	Maximum kPa	Maximum lb/in ²
PRM80	0.6	1.0	-	-	-	-
PRM120	0.8	1.4	-	-	-	-
PRM150	1.4	2.5	2500	370	2850	420
PRM260D	1.5	2.64	1800	265	2200	320
PRM260C	1.7	3.00	1800	265	2200	320
PRM500D	2.5	4.40	1800	265	2200	320
PRM750D	2.5	4.4	3000	440	3300	485
PRM750D4	3.5	6.16	3000	440	3300	485
PRM750A	3.0	5.28	3000	440	3300	485
PRM750C	3.0	5.28	3000	440	3300	485
PRM1000D	3.0	5.28	3000	440	3300	485
PRM1000D4	4.0	7.04	3000	440	3300	485
PRM1000A	3.5	6.16	3000	440	3300	485
PRM1500S	10.0	17.60	2827	410	3100	450
PRM1500D	8.0	14.00	2827	410	3100	450
PRM1750S	10.0	17.60	2827	410	3100	450
PRM1750D	8.0	14.00	2827	410	3100	450

The pressures listed above assume a gearbox operating temperature of 70°C and an input speed of not less than 1500 rev/min. Pressure gauge reading 600PSI maximum can be connected to the 1/8" BSP pressure port on the valve block (See opposite illustration).

IMPORTANT

The oil capacities listed are approximate since they do not include the amount needed to fill the cooling circuit (not PRM80/120), which therefore has to be added to give the total volume of oil required for the total gearbox system.

In any event, the above table is provided for guidance only and care must be taken to ensure that the gearbox is topped up to the maximum level on the dipstick.

The correct way of checking the oil level by using the dipstick is:

- 1 First fill the gearbox with the correct quantity and specification of oil (see above and page 5).
- 2 Ensure that the gearbox is in neutral.
- 3 Run the engine and gearbox to ensure that there is oil in the cooling circuit.
- 4 Switch off, then remove and wipe the dipstick.
- 5 **Screw the dipstick fully down**, then remove it and read the oil level.
- 6 Top up with an approved oil (see page 5) to the maximum mark on the dipstick.
- 7 Replace the dipstick, **ensuring that it is fully screwed down into position.**



**WARNING: Do not remove dipstick with engine running.
HOT OIL CAN CAUSE BURNS**




CAUTION: Clean area around dipstick prior to filling with oil or checking level


Note: using the gearbox with insufficient oil is likely to lead to low oil pressure, unsatisfactory operation, overheating and eventual failure. Equally, filling the gearbox with too much oil may cause overheating and oil leaks; it is the owner/operators responsibility, therefore, to ensure that the oil level is correct at all times.

Dipstick Location

PRM80 1/2 in. A/F hex plug, front of case, R/H side; **PRM120** 18mm A/F hex plug, rear of case, R/H side; **PRM150** 18mm A/F hex plug, rear of case, L/H side; **PRM260/500/750** 18mm A/F hex plug, front of case, R/H side; **PRM1000** 18mm A/F hex plug, front of case, L/H side; **PRM1500/1750** 18mm A/F hex plug, R/H side mounting pad.

 If the operating pressure is below the minimum value listed for your specific gearbox model, corrective action **must** be taken (see fault-finding chart) or gearbox damage may result. (Not applicable to PRM80/120.)

If operating pressure is higher than the maximum listed, (other than for very short periods after start-up when the oil is still cold), qualified assistance must be sought to correct the condition. (Not applicable to PRM80/120.)

 It is important to ensure that any oil cooler used is capable of withstanding lubrication pressures in the order of 2040 kpm (300lb/in²). This may be seen on initial start-up from cold at maximum engine speed.

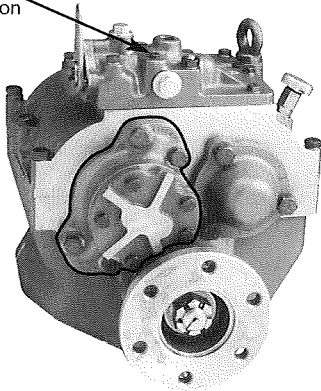
GENERAL

Input Rotation

In their standard form, Newage PRM marine gearboxes are built for use with left hand (anti-clockwise) rotating engines, at the ratings listed on page 4. The majority can, however, easily be adapted to accept right-hand (clockwise) rotating engines, simply by turning the oil pump through 180°. (**Note:** this does not apply to the PRM80/120/150/1500/1750 gearboxes, which **must** be used with left hand rotating engines **only**.)

The mounting positions of the oil pump are as follows:-

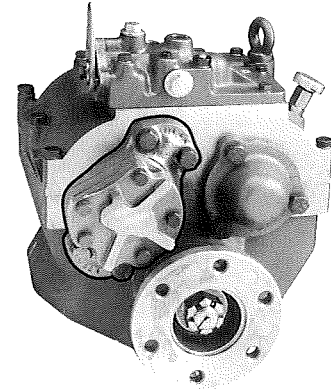
Pressure Gauge
Connection



anti-clockwise engines
(or clockwise on angle drive and in-line gearboxes)

OIL PUMP MOUNTING

(Not applicable to PRM80/120/150/1500 & 1750)



clockwise engines
(or anti-clockwise on angle drive and in-line gearboxes)

Note: Engine rotation is described as seen looking on the flywheel from behind the engine.

Output Rotation (does not apply to PRM80/120)

Because Newage PRM gearboxes have identical clutches, gears and bearings on both input shaft and layshaft, either a L.H. or R.H. propeller can be used at their full speed and horse power ratings, irrespective of input rotation (see rating chart). (PRM150/1500/1750: L.H. input rotation only.)

On all offset gearboxes (except PRM150) used with the more common left hand (anti-clockwise) rotating engines, moving the gearbox operating lever back provides right hand propeller rotation and moving it forward provides left hand propeller rotation.

If the gearbox is used with the less common right hand (clockwise) rotating engines, the operation is reversed:- moving the gearbox operating lever back provides left hand propeller rotation and moving it forward gives right hand propeller rotation. On angle drive (PRM750A, PRM1000A) and in-line (PRM260C, PRM750C) gearboxes, the movement of the operating lever is the reverse of that described above.

On PRM150 only moving the gearbox operating lever to port provides right hand propeller rotation and moving it to starboard provides left hand propeller rotation.

IMPORTANT RIGHT HAND PROPELLER REQUIRED FOR PRM80/120

Note

Engine and propeller rotations are described as seen looking forward from propeller to gearbox. In order to achieve the best possible gear shifting, it is recommended that a single lever control system (i.e. connected to the engine throttle as well as the gearbox) should be used.

OPERATION

First Time Usage

Before starting the engine remove the dipstick, fill the gearbox with one of the recommended lubricants (see table on page 5) to the maximum mark on the dipstick, then replace the dipstick by screwing it fully down for correct level.

Ensure that the gearbox is in neutral (we recommend that the optional neutral safety start switch (not available on PRM80/120) be wired into the starter circuit to avoid uncontrolled boat movement on start-up), then start the engine and run for a few minutes to allow the oil to circulate through the cooling circuit. Stop the engine, let the oil settle, then re-check the level and 'top up' to the maximum mark on the dipstick (see page 5).

Operating Temperature

Normal operating temperature should be between 50°C - 80°C with a maximum of 90°C (120°C for PRM80/120) permissible for very short periods only. If the gearbox consistently runs at temperatures above 80°C, carry out the checks listed in the fault-finding chart; if no fault is found, fit a larger capacity cooler.

Gear Shifting (Except PRM80/120)

Newage PRM Hydraulic marine gearboxes have been designed and tested to ensure rapid shifts from ahead to astern and vice versa at full horsepower ratings and speeds if necessary. **However, since full-power shifts do place abnormal, even if short lived, loads on the gearbox and if used indiscriminately will reduce its operating life, they should be reserved for emergency use only.**



Gear Shifting PRM80/120 only.

Engine **must be at idle** before changing direction. Pause in neutral when selecting ahead or astern. The PRM80/120 can be used with remote control operating systems which must be of the single lever type of remote control, i.e. Morse MT3 or SL3 which controls both the engine throttle and gear selection.

Trailing (Free-wheeling) the Propeller

The bearings used in Newage gearboxes have been carefully selected to ensure that prolonged trailing (free-wheeling) of the propeller will not harm the transmission. This allows the propeller to turn freely with the engine shut down, making the gearbox particularly well suited for use in auxiliary sailboats, motor sailers, or multi-engine installations where the boat may be operated with one or more engines shut down.

Emergency Operation (Not applicable to PRM80/120)

Included as standard in every Newage PRM Hydraulic marine gearbox is a "get-you-home" device which, in the unlikely event of hydraulic failure, enables the gearbox to be locked in 'ahead' allowing the boat to be brought to safety.



To operate, **first switch off the engine, disconnect the operating cable and ensure that the gearbox operating lever is in the neutral position,** then proceed as follows:

a PRM150

- 1 Remove the 9 hexagonal bolts securing the rear manifold to the gearcase and taking care not to lose the small socket wrench located inside it, take off the manifold complete with oil pump.
- 2 Rotate the input shaft until two socket screws in the clutch align with the two holes in the rear of the gearcase.
- 3 Insert the socket wrench through the two holes and tighten each screw in turn; this locks up the clutch plates, providing drive for a right-hand rotating propeller. (**Note:** left-hand rotation **cannot** be provided).
- 4 Refit the rear manifold and tighten the bolts to a torque of 30Nm .
- 5 Ensure that sufficient oil remains in the gearbox to avoid further damage.

b PRM260

- 1 Remove the top cover (located alongside the valve block).
- 2 Select the shaft which provides the appropriate propeller rotation (see note 'a' on page 10) and rotate until one of the grooves on the outer edges of the clutch end plate is uppermost.
- 3 Take one of the top cover securing screws and screw it tightly into the threaded hole in the clutch plate directly beneath the groove: this clamps the clutch and provides drive.
- 4 Check that the dipstick does not foul the head of the screw now fitted in the clutch: if it does, remove the dipstick and plug the hole with a clean cloth.
- 5 Ensure that sufficient oil remains in the gearbox to avoid further damage and refit the top cover, tightening the bolts to a torque of 28Nm .

c PRM500 and PRM750

- 1 Remove the top cover (located alongside the valve block).
- 2 Select the shaft to provide the required propeller rotation (see note 'a' on page 10) and rotate until the spring clip, which holds the two clamping screws in position, is accessible.
- 3 Remove the spring clip and tighten the two screws: this locks up the clutch pack and provides the drive.
- 4 Check that the dipstick does not foul the head of either clamping screw: if it does, remove the dipstick and plug the hole with a clean cloth.
- 5 Ensure that sufficient oil remains in the gearbox to avoid further damage and refit the top cover, tightening the bolts to a torque of 28Nm .

d PRM1000

- 1 Remove the top cover (located alongside the valve block): the hexagonal key for operating the emergency device is held in a clip on the underside of this cover.
- 2 Select the shaft to provide the required propeller rotation (see note 'a' below).
- 3 Locate the clutch end plate: this has three tapped holes, angled to provide access. Rotate the shaft until one of the holes is uppermost.
- 4 Insert the hexagonal key and screw the grub screw as tight as possible, rotating the clutch gear to ensure the screw locates in between the spline teeth.
- 5 Rotate the shaft and similarly tighten the other two grub screws.
- 6 Ensure that sufficient oil remains in the gearbox to avoid further damage and refit the top cover, tightening the bolts to a torque of 28Nm .

e PRM1500/1750

- 1 Remove the oil pump, held on by 6 hexagonal bolts.
- 2 Remove shimming and bearing cup.
- 3 Rotate the input shaft by using the pump slot to expose 4 socket headed grub screws. These need to be tightened with a 4mm hexagon key to engage the clutch.
- 4 Repeat above operation by removing the cover, if appropriate clutch is used for ahead. This is located next to the oil pump.
- 5 Replace bearing cup and shimming.
- 6 **Re-seal** the oil pump back into place and fix on with the six bolts.
- 7 Ensure that sufficient oil remains in the gearbox to avoid further damage.

The engine can now be run, but to minimise the possibility of further damage being caused to the gearbox, engine speed should be limited to 1/3rd full throttle.

IMPORTANT NOTES

a Assuming an anti-clockwise engine, the shaft to select is:

- left hand propeller: left hand shaft (PRM260D, 500D, 750D, 1000D, 1500S/D, 1750S/D)
right hand shaft (PRM260C, 750A, 750C, 1000A)

- right hand propeller: right hand shaft (PRM260D, 500D, 750D, 1000D, 1500S/D, 1750S/D)
left hand shaft (PRM260C, 750A, 750C, 1000A)

(all rotations are described as seen looking forward from the propeller to the gearbox).

(only right hand propeller rotation can be provided by the PRM150 emergency device).



b When emergency drive is engaged, neither astern or neutral can be used and there is thus no means of stopping the boat using the gearbox; consequently great care must be taken when manoeuvring the boat, particularly during docking.

c After emergency drive has been used, qualified assistance must be sought to check the transmission thoroughly before it is used again.

d Never use the top cover for topping up the oil.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

It is recommended that all Newage gearboxes be run for 15minutes before the oil is drained and replaced.

After the first 25 hours running

Run the engine until the oil reaches a minimum temperature of 50°C, then switch off, drain the oil from the gearbox and cooling system and re-fill with one of the recommended lubricants. Operate the engine and gearbox, allowing the oil to circulate, then stop the engine and let the oil settle. Re-check the oil level by screwing the dipstick down fully and top up if necessary to the maximum mark on the dipstick.

Note: Drain plug located rear right hand side on PRM1500/1750, 1000, 750 and 150, front on 500 and 260 and in the centre of the main case of PRM80/120.



WARNING: Hot oil burns

Daily

Check the oil level and check visually for oil leaks, especially around the output shaft oil seal and at gasket sealing surfaces.

Annually

Check oil cooler hoses and connections and correct/replace as necessary. Check propeller shaft alignment and correct if necessary. Ensure that the remote control operating linkage is adjusted to give the correct travel on the gearbox operating lever (see page 3). Check that all fasteners are tightened to the correct torque (see workshop manual for this information).

Oil changes

Gearbox oil should routinely be changed annually or at intervals corresponding with engine oil changes, whichever occurs first. However, if the oil should become contaminated by water, or if the gearbox suffers major mechanical damage, the gearbox, oil cooler and hoses **must be thoroughly flushed out** and the gearbox re-filled with fresh oil to the correct specification.



WARNING: Hot oil burns

OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT

Neutral Safety Switch (Not available for PRM80/120)

This switch ensures the engine cannot be started unless the gearbox is in neutral; Newage Transmissions Limited strongly recommends that it should be fitted in all installations. The device is standard supply on the PRM1000.

Power Take Off - PRM500/750/1000/1500/1750

The power take off mounts directly to the rear face of the gearbox and is available factory fitted or as an assembly for retro-fitting on existing gearbox installations.

It is designed for use with hydraulic pumps to SAE J744C series "B" (and series "C" for PRM1500/1750 only) specification and is a very compact, economical and effective method of powering hydraulic equipment on vessels where the provision of an auxiliary drive from the main engine may be difficult or expensive.

Whilst gear, vane or piston hydraulic pumps can be used with these units, **they must not be fitted with any adaption for driving an outrigger pulley** since the mounting provided is not designed to handle the side loads which this would entail.

The clutched PTO unit available on the PRM1000 provides pump rotation in the same direction as the engine, whereas the clutched PTO for the PRM1500/1750 and the direct drive PTO offered for the PRM500 and PRM750 provides rotation opposite to the engine.

IMPORTANT NOTE - PRM1000/1500/1750 ONLY - PTO Retrofit. A soft shift valve is fitted as standard. When retro-fitting a PTO this valve **MUST** be changed using the replacement valve block supplied with the PTO kit.

All hydraulic circuits driven by Newage PTOs must be designed, installed and maintained in accordance with the hydraulic equipment manufacturer's recommendations and be properly safeguarded against overloading.

Angle Drives - PRM750A/1000A

The angle drive assembly mounts on the front of the gearbox and provides a down angle on the output shaft of 8° on the PRM750, and of 10° on the PRM1000. It also reduces the centreline distance between the engine crankshaft and the gearbox output shaft.

Note: If an angle drive is retro-fitted, the gearbox output rotation will be reversed, it will therefore be necessary to reverse the control lever movements to give the correct output rotation for 'ahead' or 'astern' (see page 8). The oil capacity also increases (see chart, page 6) and a replacement dipstick will have to be fitted. (See reference to pump position below).

In-line- PRM260C/750C

A factory fitted 'step-up' gearbox fitted to the main gearcase brings the output shaft on to the same centreline as the input shaft and reproduces the input shaft length and spline, the adaptor flange and the mounting pads used on certain competitors in-line gearboxes. For oil pump mounting positions, operating lever movements and output rotations (see pages 7 and 8).

Trolling Valve - PRM260,500,750,1000,1500,1750

A separate instruction leaflet is issued with each trolling valve.

FAULT FINDING CHART

Symptom	Cause	Reason	Remedy
No drive ahead or astern	No oil pressure*	Damaged oil pump* Broken input coupling Oil leaks Insufficient oil	Replace oil pump* Replace coupling Check for evidence and rectify Check level, top up as necessary
Propeller speed does not increase with engine speed, ahead and astern	Low oil pressure to both clutches*	Damaged oil pump* Remote control cable or linkage not allowing F-N-R lever to move correct distance Pressure relief valve spring defective*	Replace oil pump* Remove cable and operate lever by hand to check movement. Adjust cable if necessary Remove valve block and replace spring*
Propeller speed does not increase with engine speed in one direction only	Low oil pressure to one clutch*	Piston rings or feeder worn* Blocked oil strainer* Damaged 'O' ring in hydraulic circuit* Blocked hydraulic passage in valve block*	Remove appropriate clutch shaft and replace worn feeder or piston rings* Remove, clean and replace if necessary* Check 'O' rings in feeder connectors and piston; replace if necessary* Remove valve block, examine and clean*
Excessive noise from gearbox at low speeds	Engine idle speed set too low	Damaged clutch plates or clutch cones (PRM80/120)	Remove and examine clutch/clutch cone on appropriate shaft and replace if necessary
	Torsional vibration	Faulty adjustment	Increase idling speed
Excessive noise throughout	Defective input coupling operating range	Torsional incompatibility of elements in driveline	If not cured by increasing engine idling speed, refer to engine supplier
	Propeller shaft misalignment	Input coupling worn or damaged Hull flexing or faulty installation	Remove, examine and replace if necessary Check the alignment of the propeller shaft coupling; if necessary rectify by adjusting the shims under the engine mounts or the engine mounts themselves

*does not apply to PRM80/120

Symptom	Cause	Reason	Remedy
Excessive noise throughout operating range	Propeller out of balance	Propeller damaged or badly machined	Remove the propeller and check that the pitch, weight, diameter and balance of all the blades are equal and rectify if necessary
	Engine/gearbox misalignment	Faulty installation	Remove the transmission and check that the flywheel face is flat and that the flexible input coupling is aligned correctly
	Defective bearing	Bearing worn or damaged	Isolate defective bearing, remove and replace
Excessive oil temperature	Fault in cooling system*	Defective oil cooler*	Replace oil cooler*
		Oil cooler too small*	Fit larger capacity cooler*
		Defective pressure relief valve*	Remove and examine relief valve* and replace if necessary
		System blocked*	Check and flush out oil cooler and * hoses
		Oil pipes too small*	Fit larger diameter hoses*
Oil level needs constant topping-up	Power too high	Incorrect engine rating	Re-assess engine power
	Oil leaks	Defective oil seal, gasket or 'O' ring	Clean the outside of the gearcase, particularly around the ends of shafts including the output shaft. Run the engine and inspect the gearbox for leaks. Replace seals as required
		Defective oil cooler or hoses*	Check for traces of water in the gearbox oil or oil in the cooling water system. Replace cooler or hoses as necessary
Escape of high pressure from	Defective breather causing leaks gearbox when dipstick is removed	past oil seals	Contact distributor or factory for advice
Difficulty in moving single lever control	Control lever on valve block too stiff	Defective valve or detent spring	Contact distributor or factory for advice
	Faulty installation	Remote control operating cable	Check the installation and eliminate all tight bends in the cable

*does not apply to PRM80/120



IMPORTANT: The above operations should be carried out by suitably qualified personnel and strictly in accordance with the procedures detailed in the workshop manual. Before carrying out any service work always ensure that the engine is switched off and disconnect the operating cable from the gearbox.

PRM MARINE TRANSMISSIONS - OVERSEAS DISTRIBUTOR NETWORK

Australia

Drivetrain Marine Pty. Ltd.
3/29 Armada Place
Banyo Queensland 4014
Tel +61 (0)7 3267 8800
Fax +61 (0)7 3267 8811

Belgium & Luxembourg

Dintra Transmissies B.V.
Keizerswoert 30
3881 LE Putten
Holland.
Tel: +31 (0)3413 53712/57308
Fax: +31 (0)3413 60046

Canada

Jastram Technologies Ltd
467 Mountain Hwy
North Vancouver B.C.
V7J 2L3
Tel: +1 (0) 604 986 0714
Fax: +1 (0) 604 986 0334

Channel Islands

Herm Seaway Marine
Castle Emplacement
St. Peter Port
Guernsey.
Tel: +44 (0)1481 726829
Fax: +44 (0)1481 714011

Chile

Distribuidora Perkins Chilena S.A.C
Av. El Colorado 641
Casilla 177 Correo 2
Quilicura
Santiago
Tel: +56 (0)2 6972929
Fax: +56 (0)2 6717037

Cyprus

Char. Pilakoutas Ltd.
P.O. Box 21168
7 Larnaca Road
Nicosia
Tel: 00 357 2 349812/349572
Fax: 00 357 2 430294

Denmark

Fred Rasmussen-Odense Aps
Ove Gjeddes Vej 23
S220 Odense SØ
Tel: +45 (0)65 560565
Fax: +45 (0)65 560570

Egypt

Ramco for Engineering & Marine Supply
148 Semouha Garden City
Alexandria
Tel: +20 (0)3 4253155
Fax: +20 (0)3 4253033

Finland

Mepratuote Oy.
Kaviokuja 8
20380 Turku
Tel: 00 358 2 2750111
Fax: 00 358 2 2750120

France

I.D.S.
Rue des Chantiers Crucy
44100 Nantes
Tel: +33 2 40 95 95 30
Fax: +33 2 40 95 95 34

Germany

Dintra Transmissies B.V.
Keizerswoert 30
3881 LE Putten
Holland.
Tel: +31 (0)3413 53712/57308
Fax: +31 (0)3413 60046

Gibraltar

H. Sheppard & Co.Ltd.
Marina
Waterport
Tel: +350 77183/75148
Fax: +350 42535

Greece

Lelis Diesel Marine
15 Retsina Street
Piraeus
Tel: +30 (0)1 4127754
Fax: +30 (0)1 4110166

Hong Kong

Autodiesel Trading Corp.
G-4 Siu Wai Industrial Centre
Ground Floor
29-33 Wing Hong Street
Cheungshawan, Kowloon
Tel: 00 852 2380-8301,2380-8302,
Fax: 00 852 2397-3716

Iceland

Velasalan EHF
Ananaust 1
101 Reykjavik
Tel: +354 5805300
Fax: +354 5805301

India

Vinayak Ventures
155 Defence Officers Colony
Ekkatuthangal
Chennai 600 032
Tel: 00 91 44 2336679
Fax: 00 91 44 2326325

Indonesia

Marunda Utama Engineering Pte. Ltd.
29 Kaki Bukit Industrial Estate
Singapore 416109
Tel: +65 749 6888
Fax: +65 749 2198

Irish Republic

T.M. Marine
Bunninassa Dromod P.O.
Carrick-on-Shannon
Co. Leitrim
Tel: +353 (0)7838041
Fax: +353 (0)7838550

Italy

Indemar s.p.a
Via Guido Rossa 42
16012 Busalla (Ge)
Tel +39 010 964 1927
Fax +39 010 964 1920

Malta

Leonard Bugeja
29 Main Street
Rabat
Tel: +356 2454120
Fax: +356 2450302

Malaysia

Tano Delph (Sea) Sdn.Bhd.
81-M Medan Setia 1
Bukit Damansara
50490 Kuala Lumpur
Tel:+60 (0)3 2556955
Fax:+60 (0)3 2556955

Netherlands

Dintra Transmissies B.V.
Keizerswoert 30
3881 LE Putten
Tel: +31 (0)3413 53712, 57308
Fax: +31 (0)3413 60046

Netherlands Antilles

Wellman Auto Supplies N.V.
P.O. Box 64
Curacao
Tel: 00 599 9
4614022/4614354/4614479
Fax: 00 599 9 4618146

New Zealand

Drivetrain Marine Pty. Ltd.
3/29 Armada Place
Banyo Queensland 4014
Australia
Tel +61 (0)7 3267 8800
Fax +61 (0)7-3267 8811

Norway

Halaas Og Mohn AS
Omagt. 84 Bygg 34
Norsea Vestbase
6502 Kristiansund N.
Tel: +47 (0)7 1572853
Fax: +47 (0)7 1572851

Philippines

Drivetrain Marine Pty. Ltd.
3/29 Armada Place
Banyo Queensland 4014
Australia
Tel +61 (0)7 3267 8800
Fax +61 (0)7 3267 8811

Portugal

Motope
Rua da Vitoria 88-3
P-1100-619 Lisbon
Tel: +351 (0)21 3427195
Fax: +351 (0)21 3471840

Singapore

Drivetrain Marine Pty. Ltd.
3/29 Armada Place
Banyo Queensland 4014
Australia
Tel +61 (0)7 3267 8800
Fax +61 (0)7 3267 8811

South Africa

Power Torque (Pty) Ltd.
773-5th Street
Wynberg, Sandton
P.O. Box 448
Berglei 2012
Tel: +27 (0)11 786 4247/8/9
Fax: +27 (0)11 4401547

Spain

Clamp España S.L.
Calle Morales 10, Bajo
28410 Manzanares el Real (Madrid)
Tel: +34 (9)1 853 03 48
Fax: +34 (9)1 853 99 11

Sri Lanka

Browns Group Industries Limited
481 T. B. Jayah Mawatha
Colombo 10
Tel: + 94 1 697111
Fax: + 94 1 698489

Sweden

Centerline Leemhuis Marinkonsult AB
Eriksbergsvaegen 30
P.O. Box 216
SE 734 25 Hallstahammar
Tel: +46 220 150 40
Fax: +46 220 168 02

Switzerland

M. Knöpfli AG
Getriebe-Werkstätten
Marine Getriebe
Wiesackerstr. 128
CH-8105 Regensdorf
Tel: +41 1 840 62 13
Fax: +41 1 840 62 07

Taiwan

Vopac Enterprise Ltd.
No. 41 Tien-Chung Road
Hsiao Kang
Kaohsiung
Tel: +886 (0)78 017140
Fax: +886 (0)78 017840

Turkey

Kadek
1580/2 Sokak 4/A
Mersinli
Izmir
Tel: +90 (0)232 4869067,4616861
Fax: +90 (0)232 4353559

U.A.E.

Teignbridge Propellers & Marine
Equipment Co.
(R/A 8, FA 2 Jebel Ali Free Zone Area)
P.O. Box 17065
Dubai
Tel: +971 (0)4 836 061
Fax: +971 (0)4 836 059

U.S.A.

Atlantis Marine Gear Supply Inc.
418 Boston Street
Topsfield
Massachusetts 01983
Tel: +1 978 887-0001
Fax: +1 978 887-5599

Darwin Industries Inc.
2610 North Hwy. 169
Coffeyville
KS 67337
Tel: +1 620 251 8438
Fax: +1 620 251 8493

Hamilton Jet Inc.
1111 NW Ballard Way
Seattle WA 98107
Tel: +1 206 784 8400
Fax: +1 206 783 7323

Transmission Marine Inc.
223 Southwest 33 Court
P.O. Box 21086 Ft. Lauderdale
FL 33335-1086
Tel: +1 954 467 1540
Fax: +1 954 467 1525

Zimbabwe

Gerber Industrial & Marine Centre
(Private) Ltd.
29 Anthony Avenue
Msasa (P.O. Box 1535)
Harare
Tel: +263 (0)4 486747, 486377
Fax: +263 (0)4 486709

UK Distributors

England

Albatross Marine
Unit 24, Hammond Close
Hammond Business Centre
Attleborough Fields Industrial Estate
Nuneaton
CV11 6RY
Tel: (024) 7632 9841
Fax: (024) 7632 9914

A.R. Peachment
Riverside Estate
Brundall
Norwich
Norfolk
NR13 5PL
Tel: (01603) 714077
Fax: (01603) 712211

Calcutt Boats
Calcutt Top Lock
Stockton
Rugby
CV23 8HX
Tel: (01926) 813757
Fax: (01926) 814091

Lancing Marine
51 Victoria Road
Portslade
Sussex
BN41 1XY
Tel: (01273) 410025/411765
Fax: (01273) 430290

Mermaid Marine Ltd.
Ferndown Industrial Estate
70-72 Cobham Road
Wimborne Dorset
BH21 7RN
Tel: (01202) 891824
Fax: (01202) 895882

Scotland

DDZ Marine
Largs Yacht Haven
Irvine Road
Largs
KA30 8EZ.
Tel: (01475) 686072
Fax: (01475) 672887